



TEMA: PRESENT PERFECT / PRESENTE PERFECTO

DESEMPEÑO:

- Realiza talleres acordes con el tema
- Completa las oraciones usando el presente perfecto

OBJETIVO: Escribe oraciones utilizando el presente perfecto

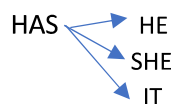
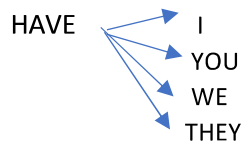
EXPLICACION: El presente perfecto es un tiempo que sirve para expresar una acción que comenzó en el pasado y que aun continua en el presente. El presente perfecto se forma con el auxiliar Have / Has + el participio pasado de los verbos.

Para trabajar el presente perfecto, se debe tener presente el uso de los verbos regulares e irregulares en participio pasado.

PRESENTE PERFECTO – HAVE/ HAS

-INFINITIVO	PASADO SIMPLE	PASADO PARTICIPIO
Work – Trabajar	Worked – Trabajo	Worked – Trabajado
Laugh – Reir	Laughed – Rei	Laughed - Reído
Eat – Comer	Ate – Comió	Eaten- Comido
Read - Leer	Read – Leyó	Read – Leído

Pasado participio – Ado – Ido



Ejemplos

- We have worked a lot
Nosotros hemos trabajado mucho
- She has eaten fish
Ella ha comido pescado



ESTRUCTURA DE PRESENTE PERFECTO

AFIRMATIVO: Pronombre + Auxiliar have y has + El verbo en participio pasado + complemento

Ejemplo:

- They have found the shoes – Ellos han encontrado los zapatos
- She has found the shoes - Ella ha encontrado los zapatos

NEGATIVA: Pronombre + auxiliar have y has + la negación + el verbo en participio pasado + complemento

Ejemplo:

- They have not found the shoes – Ellos no han encontrado los zapatos
They haven't found the shoes Ellos no han encontrado los zapatos
- She has not found the shoes – Ella no ha encontrado los zapatos
She hasn't found the shoes- Ella no ha encontrado los zapatos

INTERROGATIVA: Have y Has + Pronombre+ Pasado participio + Complemento

Ejemplo:

- Have they found the shoes? – Han ellos encontrado los zapatos
- Has she found the shoes? – Ha ella encontrado los zapatos

EJEMPLOS

1. Peter ha caminado por 3 horas – Peter has walked for 3 hours
2. Tu no has estudiado para el examen – You have not studied for the exam
3. Han ellos comprado una casa nueva? – Have they bought a new house ?

EXERCISES

1. Write the past participle of these regular verbs
 - a) Play _____ Word _____ Start _____
 - b) Study _____ Dancy _____ Cry _____
 - c) Live _____ Plan _____ Wash _____
 - d) Watch _____ Organize _____ Explain _____
 - e) Adapt _____ Land _____ Try _____
2. Complete the sentences by using the present perfect + past participles of regular verbs
 - a) She _____ English for three months
 - b) They _____ in this company during ten years
 - c) I _____ soccer in the National Stadium



- d) He ____ salsa music in Cali, Colombia
 e) We ____ in New York for a week

3. Write the past participles of these irregular verbs

- a) Be _____ Break _____ Brought _____
 b) Drink _____ Come _____ Feel _____
 c) Make _____ Pay _____ Ride _____
 d) Say _____ Sleep _____ Swim _____
 e) Have _____ Do _____ Think _____



4. Complete the sentences by using the present perfect + past participles of the irregular verbs

- a) They _____ Norway two times
 b) She _____ a lot soda, that's why she sick
 c) He _____ 20 mts in the club's pool
 d) I _____ all night long in my bed
 e) We _____ the window by playing with a ball

5. Put in negative the sentences

- a) Diane has bought a new coat for winter _____
 b) I have planned all the steps for the competition _____
 c) He has taken the bus for one year _____
 d) You and me have want the jackpot _____
 e) They have invited everybody to the party _____

6. Complete the sentences with the verbs that are in parentheses to form the present perfect

- a) Mark and Amy _____ (live) together for 3 years.
 b) I have just _____ (finish) my homework.
 c) My boss _____ (work) too much this week
 d) I _____ (want) a new house for a long time
 e) _____ You ever _____ (be) in London

7. Order the following words to make sentences with Present Perfect

- a) Eaten/ ever / has/ lamb/ she / ?
 b) We/ been/ have/ Since / 2000/ married
 c) Child / you / played / the / have/ since / you / piano / were / a / ?